

Profiting by the sad experience of last year, the toy pistol was not used much during the Fourth, and up to this time no fatal accidents have been reported.

The Democratic party is rampantly in favor of service. The party never advocates civil service only when out of office. When in power the party never alluded to it in State papers, platforms, speeches, and newspapers. It is only when out of office, and they want to crawl in, do the Democrats preach civil service.

There is still some hope lurking among some of the Republicans of Pennsylvania, that a compromise will be reached before election, so that there will be but one ticket in the field. The candidates would like an amiable settlement of the present difficulty, and promise to abide by the action of the committees. The people seem to be willing, but the "bosses" are obstinate.

It cost about \$30,000 to try the Malley boys and Blanche Douglas for the murder of Jennie Cramer. Of this amount the State will have to pay about one-third. The Hayden trial cost \$60,000, and the jury after all could not be convinced that he murdered May Stannard. The people of Connecticut can boast of the greatest criminal trials, and the biggest crop of nutmegs of any State in the Union.

Governor Sherman, of Iowa, is not without influence in his own town. On the evening before the day on which the amendment was voted for in Iowa, the Governor heard the anti-prohibitionists were claiming the place where he resided by 150 majority. He at once decided to make an impromptu speech in favor of the amendment, and the next day the town gave 202 majority for it.

The crop of candidates in Kansas for congressional honors is quite large this year. There are twenty-six aspirants for the four Republican nominations for Congressmen at large in that State, and twenty-five of them appeared at the State convention. The candidate who staid away from the convention was a colored man. Having displayed better judgment than the others, he should be nominated.

When a Democratic paper can wake up and talk in this fashion, there is some hope that the South is not altogether dead to its own interest. The Vicksburg Herald, Democratic, says: "One of your earnest fellows who secures capital to build a railway, a factory, an oil mill, or anything of material value to the South, even if the capital is dam-Radical money, is worth a couple full of howling Bourbon partisans."

The Oshkosh Northwestern of the 31 instant publishes this bit of railway news: It may be authoritatively stated upon information from the local officials of the Northwestern road that the machine shops, round house and all the appurtenances, there are about to be removed to Chicago. In fact, preparations have already been made for the removal. Not even the round house is to be left here, and no engines at all, except the switch engine, are to be kept at this point. This division is to be changed and will hereafter extend between Janesville and Ft. Howard, with headquarters at Janesville. The train master will have his headquarters at Fond du Lac, instead of this city. Thus Oshkosh will become merely a way station on the road.

Now you are getting down to the experience of Janesville in being a way station on the Northwestern road, and how do you like it?

Judge Humphrey has found it necessary to hurry home and look after his fences, and accordingly when the appropriation bill is passed in Congress he will pair off and come home and enter the canvass for a re-nomination. The Judge finds himself in rather an unpleasant position. While he has been bearing the burden and drudgery of congressional life and wading under the heat of a Washington sun, Mr. Price has secured an early convention and has done a good deal of other work which will give him a prominent hold on the Convention. Should he secure the nomination, as appearances indicate that he will, it will be one of the great political achievements over won in Wisconsin.

According to the idea of the Civil Service Reform Club which has its headquarters at Madison, there are sixteen candidates for Congress in the Third District. That club does not believe in political assessments, nor removals from office simply because there has been a change in an administration. So, to find out how each candidate for Congress in that district stands in regard to Civil Service, a letter has been addressed to each of the persons whose name has been mentioned in connection with that office, with a request that he give his opinion in regard to civil service reform, and when course he would take on the question if elected. The following persons were addressed on the subject:

Hon. E. W. Hayes, Madison.
General Ed. E. Bryant, Madison.
Hon. Wm. B. Carpenter, Plattville.
Hon. P. A. Cronin, Burlington.
Hon. J. B. Pratt, Monroe.
Hon. G. W. Hazlett, Lancaster.
Hon. C. W. Lyndon, Lancaster.
General James B. Smith, Burlington.
Hon. Montgomery Smith, Mineral Point.
Hon. M. M. Cuthren, Mineral Point.
Hon. M. J. Briggs, Dodgeville.
R. M. Backford, Esq., Madison.
Hon. Michael Johnson, Mt. Vernon.
Hon. Matt. Anderson, Cross Plains.
Hon. Wm. Charlton, Madison.
Colonel Wm. E. Hall, Madison.

It would be interesting to hear from some of these gentlemen and so much talked-of subject of civil service. Their answers would make very good pieces of comedy.

NEWS FROM THE WIRES

A Project to Harmonize the Pennsylvania Republicans.

Further Details of the Steamboat Disaster on the Ohio River.

H. C. Atkins Appointed First Assistant Superintendent of the St. Paul Road.

The Milwaukee Iron Strikers Endeavoring to Settle Their Trouble.

An Alarming Spread of the Small Pox at Hustedford, in Jefferson County.

Meeting of the Regent of the State Normal Schools.

A PROJECT FOR HARMONY.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., July 5.—Chairman Cooper, regular Republican, went to Washington this evening to consult with Senator Cameron in relation to the project of harmonizing the factions. It is understood that at the meeting of the State Committee Wednesday next the conditional resignation of the regular candidates will be taken up. This is thought to signify that a new convention will be held if the Independents are willing. It is said all regular candidates have agreed to the plan except Maurice Broome, the nominee for Congressmen at large, who was expected to meet General Beaver to-day, but did not come. There seems to be no doubt, however, that he will consent. Chairman McKee and other Independents decline to speak upon the subject at present.

A FATAL WRECK.

WHEELING, W. Va., July 5.—The scene at the wreck of the Scotia to-day almost beggars description, the anguish of those looking for lost ones adding to the wails and sobs of those bending over the inanimate forms of dead loved ones recovered from the water. The Associated Press reporter arrived at the scene at noon, at which time only nine bodies had been recovered. Both banks of the river were lined with people, making a crowd of perhaps 20,000 persons. The work of dragging in the vicinity for bodies is still going on. Forty persons are missing and fourteen bodies have been recovered.

BISHOP GILMOUR

CLEVELAND, July 5.—Edwin Cowles, editor of the Leader, to-day commenced suit against Bishop Gilmour, of the Catholic Diocese here, for \$25,000 damages. The Bishop published a card over his signature, which Cowles claims was false, malicious, and defamatory. The whole trouble grew out of Cowles' daughter having embraced the Catholic church.

STATE BOARD OF REGENTS.

MADISON, July 5.—The annual session of the Board of Regents of the normal schools of the State convened Monday afternoon, and was adjourned to-night. The following officers were elected: President, J. H. Bruns, Plattville; Vice President, S. M. Hay, Oshkosh; Secretary, W. H. Chandler, Sun Prairie; Treasurer, ex-officio, E. C. McPetraque, Beaver Dam. The reports submitted from the various schools show an enrollment for the past year of 3,882. Plans for the new school building in Milwaukee were submitted and adopted.

MR. ATKINS' APPOINTMENT

MILWAUKEE, July 5.—Last Saturday Mr. H. C. Atkins, who has been connected with the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Company for many years, was appointed First Assistant General Superintendent of the road. Mr. Atkins, since the appointment of J. G. Clark as General Superintendent, has been offered the position of Superintendent of the Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha road, and was about to accept it when the former company induced him to remain.

A CONFERENCE MEETING.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., July 5.—To-morrow afternoon another conference between the Bay View iron strikers and the proprietors of the mills will be held. It is confidently expected that an amicable settlement of all differences between the employers and employees, and a return of the men to work will result from the meeting. There is a strong inclination on the part of both parties to compromise matters. A visit among the workmen during evening brought out the fact that the men are really desirous to return to work, and await with considerable anxiety the result of to-morrow's conference.

WATERTOWN SMALL POX.

WATERTOWN, July 5.—Hustedford, a village some fifteen miles northeast of here, is having a serious time with small pox. The first case developed about six weeks ago, resulting in several deaths. Monday morning several new cases were reported, and a serious time is apprehended. Vaccination is now the order of the day.

Popularity.

THOMAS' ELECTRIC OIL has obtained great popularity from its intrinsic value as a reliable medicine, in curing house-ness, and all irritations of the throat, disease of the chest, etc. For these it is an incomparable pulmonary.

MILTON.

—Statement of the principal farm products grown in the town of Milton, in the year 1881:

Wheat, bushels.....	5,107
Corn, bushels.....	15,388
Oats, bushels.....	15,849
Barley, bushels.....	8,217
Rye, bushels.....	2,100
Potatoes, bushels.....	7,150
Apples, bushels.....	480
Clover seed, bushels.....	212
Timothy seed, bushels.....	40
Alfalfa seed, acres harvested.....	12
Tobacco, number of pounds.....	223,730
Flax, No. of acres.....	1,578
Butter, No. of pounds.....	20,050
Eggs, No. of pounds.....	2,050

Products growing for 1882:

Wheat, No. of acres.....	775
Corn, No. of acres.....	2,005
Oats, No. of acres.....	2,010
Barley, No. of acres.....	700
Rye, No. of acres.....	227
Potatoes, No. of acres.....	10
Root crop, No. of acres.....	24
Flax, No. of acres.....	2
Tobacco, No. of acres.....	291
Cultivated grasses, No. acres.....	2,074
Growing timber, No. of acres.....	1,040
Apple orchard, No. of acres.....	187
Trees bearing.....	5,157
Number of milk cows.....	110

—The pupils in the grammar department of the graded school enjoyed a picnic at Lake Koshkonong on Thursday, and the primary department had a similar affair in the school house grounds. Misses Douglass and Tomkins make it very pleasant for the children on such occasions by their efforts to make them enjoyable.

—Among the graduates and old students at commencement, whose names were omitted last week, we noticed, W. A. Saunders and wife, of Walworth, Prof. A. A. Miller, of Waukegan, W. Tomkins, of Albany, W. J. Skerton, of Michigan, P. H. Alexander, of Mason City, Iowa, Miss J. F. Johnson, of Darien, Miss E. M. Houlton, of St. Paul, Miss E. M. Coroy, of Chicago, Prof. M. G. Stillman, and wife, of Walworth, Miss Ruth Cuckoo, of Harvard, Mrs. L. D. Harvey, of Sheboygan.

—The S. D. C. Church is being dismantled rapidly and work on the new edifice will be begun this week and pushed along as fast as possible. During the building of the new church, meetings will be held in College chapel.

—Mrs. L. D. Harvey's child has been very sick for a few days past with pneumonia and on Friday her husband rushed here in response to a telegram. The child is improving at the present writing.

—Prof. J. D. Bond, wife and son, of St. Paul, arrived in town Saturday and will remain for a time visiting relatives. Everybody is glad to meet them again.

—W. A. McHenry and wife, of Denison, Iowa, were in town visiting relatives and attending commencement exercises. Prior to his departure Mr. McHenry left his check for \$100 to go into the Alumni endowment fund of the college.

—J. H. Arthur, and of Elkhoru, were in town this week visiting friends.

—Clark sells watches cheap and warrants them.

—R. Richardson came home last week to enjoy his summer vacation. He will spend a part of it in visiting eastern friends and relatives.

—Hon. J. Davis, of Rockford, made his Milton friends a pleasant, but too brief, visit on Thursday. We would all be glad to see him more frequently.

—Prof. A. B. Gravel, and wife, of Lexington, Ky., are in town to spend a few weeks vacation. Their many friends are glad to have them here.

—Tobacco setting in this locality has been completed, but unless the weather is more favorable, than for a few days past, the outlook for the crop is anything but flattering.

—Miss Mann, of Minneapolis, is in town visiting friends.

—Miss Richmond, of Chicago, is visiting here in company with her friend Miss Corey.

—Mr. Leland, late of Battle Creek, Mich., is in charge of the mechanical department of the Telephone. He is a practical printer and does good job work.

—Miss Whitford is learning the typographical art in the Telephone office.

—Married at the residence of George Reynolds in the town of Lima July 1, by Rev. W. T. Miller, of Milton, Sanford G. Moon of Janesville and Miss May Reynolds of Elkhorn.

—The Glorious 4th was celebrated here to some extent. At an early hour the Cornet Band went to the Junction and after discoursing some good music led a procession to this village. The people then assembled on College Campus and the following programme interspersed with music by the band, was presented. Called to order by President Whitford. Prayer by Rev. Dr. Williams. Reading Declaration of Independence by A. F. Butts. Address by T. C. Richmond, of Madison. In the afternoon the Calatrampians paraded and the Prohibitionists held a meeting at which a large number made remarks. Races and games in the Park ended the day's sport.

A varied Performance.

Many wonder how Parker's Ginger Tonic can perform such varied cures, thinking it essence of ginger, when in fact it is made from many valuable medicines which act beneficially on every diseased organ.

It is so PLEASANT—It is so certain and easy in its action. It invigorates the nerve, brain, and muscle. ZEPER does these things simply by giving active Digestion, and regulating the Stomach and Liver.

MISCELLANEOUS

WAUKESHA
Mineral Rock SPRING WATER!



Positively cures Dropsy, Gravel, Constipation, Diarrhea, Dyspepsia, Jaundice, Bright's Disease of the Kidneys and Liver, all Diseases of the Bladder and Urinary Organs. Put up Sparkling, carbonic acid, in cases of heart and liver troubles and still in tea, 50¢ a quart. Address the WAUKESHA MINERAL ROCK SPRING CO. For sale by Druggists, Hotels, Saloons, Restaurants, and the general trade. Palmer & Stevens, Janesville & Co., Agents for Janesville, Wis., 1882.

\$500 REWARD!

WE will pay the above reward for any case of Liver Dropsy, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Indigestion, Constipation, or Constipation we cannot cure with our Vegetable Liver Pills when the disease is strictly confined to the liver. They are purely vegetable and never fail to give satisfaction. Sugar coated, and taste like candy. 25¢ a box. For sale by all Druggists. Beware of counterfeits and imitations. WISE & CO., "The Pill Makers," 181 & 183 W. Madison St., Chicago. Free trial package sent by mail, prepaid on receipt of a post stamp.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Bargains

IN

"S,"

DRESS

GOODS

J. M. BOSTWICK,

of the firm of

J. M. Bostwick

& Sons.

In looking for Novelties

in Dry Goods when visit-

ing the eastern cities,

found several

Splendid

Bargains

IN THEIR LINE.

For instance—we will place up

on our counter

Monday Morning,

200 pieces of

Worsted Plaids

For ladies and Children Suits,

that have been retailed from 20

to 35 cents per yard. We will

sell the entire lot at 12½ cents

per yard. This is a bargain un-

precedented in the sale of Dry

Goods in the West. And fifty

bargains in other different things

we will show you when you

come.

Respectfully Yours,

J. M. BOSTWICK & SONS.

MISCELLANEOUS.

CROOKED

"S,"

DRESS

GOODS

J. M. BOSTWICK,

of the firm of

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In looking for Novelties

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Respectfully Yours,

J. M. BOSTWICK & SONS.

THE OLD PIONEER BOOK STORE!

FAMILY AND POCKET BIBLES,

Prayer and Hymn Books, at

MISCELLANEOUS & GIFT BOOKS

The largest assortment in the State, at

Largest Stock of School Books

In Rock County, at

Largest Assortment of Wall Paper

and Curtains in the city at

Splendid Auto and Photo Albums

At

John Foley's, and the Best

Stylographic Pens at

For the Finest Assortment of Art

Goods, and Stationery, call at

Frames and Cornices Made

To order, in the highest style of art, at

J. SUTHERLAND AND SONS.

ARE YOU

Going Away this Summer?

YOU WILL NO DOUBT NEED A

TRUNK or VALISE!

WE HAVE A BASEMENT FULL OF THESE

GOODS; NICE PLACE TO SHOW THEM.

PLENTY OF ROOM, & C.

We buy in large quantities, get the greatest pos-

sible discount, and sell close, very close. All in

PLAIN FIGURES! No deviation.

SMITH & SON,

Square Dealers, Smith's Corner.

IF YOU WANT

Solid and Reliable Indemnity, Available

at All Times, Under All Circumstan-

ces, and Free from All Objec-

tions, Apply to

MARK RIPLEY.

As the Time Honored Fire Insurance Companies, I represent

The Best Life and Accident Insurance Co's in the World

My companies are never backward in coming forward to adjust losses fairly, and pay promptly

Office over Old Post Office, Janesville, Wis. AUGUST 17

Largest Assortment!

NEWEST GOODS! Cheapest Prices!

GREEN & RICE,

In their New Store, with their New Stock of

CROCKERY, GLASS AND CHINA

Invite attention Eight styles Decorated Dinner sets, all new

styles, at from \$15 for 125 piece set up. Vases at 5, 10, 15

and 25¢ each. Come and see us before purchasing, and convince

yourself that we are Headquarters for Crockery.

GREEN & RICE.

New Store, No. 22, West Milwaukee Street.

Here we are to the Front Again

ALL HANDS ON DECK!

And ready to serve Our Old and All the New Customers that

favor us with a call. If you don't believe it come in and we will

show you the improvements that have been made in our

How a Pasture is Made.

In Great Britain, Holland, and in some of the best dairy districts in this country land is selected for a pasture as it is for any particular crop. Pasture is paid to its adaptability to produce a large amount of fine rich grasses. The soil or sod is prepared by the use of the seed, which is selected with special reference to the production of grass to be eaten while in its green state. Great pains are taken to render the soil as productive as possible. Water is supplied or drained off as the wants of the land require. Weeds and bushes are exterminated or kept in subjection. Fertilizers are applied as they are to land devoted to cultivate crops. Loose soils are rendered more compact by the use of the roller, and very heavy soils are rendered more friable by the use of the harrow or scarifier. Most farmers in this country, however, neglect all these things. Land is not selected for a pasture. If it is too rocky, broken or difficult to cultivate; if it is too wet or too dry to produce good crops of corn, grain, potatoes, or roots it is devoted to pasturage. Land is selected for other purposes, but the land for pasturage is what was rejected as unsuitable for any other use. Sometimes a piece of land originally productive is devoted to pasture purposes. If this is the case it is generally after it has been cropped to death. It is first planted to corn for several years, then sown to grain for a period equally long, and then laid down to grass sown to moving purposes. After the crop of grass becomes so light that it scarcely pays for the work of cutting, the farmer concludes that the only thing he can do with the land is to devote it to supporting stock during the summer when he expects to make the most out of them. There are no evidences of beneficial design in most of the pastures in this country. They are the work of chance or neglect.

Most of the grasses and clovers that are best for producing hay are the poorest for affording green food during summer. For the purpose of converting into hay we want grasses that will grow in a certain period. If it is more than one kind in the same field, it is desirable to have them all mature at about the same time. Very short grasses are not desired, as it is difficult to cut them very near the ground. The like is true of clovers. For a pasture, however, the shorter varieties of grasses and clovers are desired. Grasses that have long stalks have but a small amount of foliage near the ground. They are heavy and shade the surface of the soil at the time it is most wanted to prevent the roots of the plants from becoming dry. For a meadow but few kinds of grasses are wanted, for if their time of maturity is different, and the period required for them to dry out when cut varies considerably, they will be hard to cure. For a pasture, however, we want grasses that have different habits and manners of growth. We want some that will sprout early in the spring and others that will be in their prime in the fall. A constant supply of green leaves is what is needed. This is best obtained by having several kinds of grass and clover. Sometimes a single variety of either, as blue grass or white clover, will supply what is wanted during several months. These are excellent fodder plants for another reason; they remain in the soil for a long time after they have become well established. The like is true of red top, which is singularly adapted to ground that is somewhat moist. Orchard grass is well adapted to pasturing, notwithstanding it grows tall in a field, as it springs up quickly as soon as it is fed down.

Pastures require care just as much as land devoted to other purposes. Desirable vegetation must be kept in, and undesirable vegetation kept out. Places that become unproductive must be attended to before weeds and moss take possession of them. If the soil is hard and poor it should be loosened and enriched. An effort should be made to seed each kind of soil with the kind of grass and clover that is best adapted to it. Red top will do best on the land that is quite moist; Alsike or Swedish clover will be most productive on soils that are moderately moist; while white clover will succeed best on hill sites. Some timothy and red clover are desirable in every pasture but they cannot be relied on to remain very long. It is generally best to mow a pasture after the grasses have thrown up seed stalks in the latter part of the summer. These stalks will not be eaten, and by cutting them off the growth of foliage is encouraged. The use of the mowing machine and scythe is beneficial in destroying many weeds that would otherwise mature and seed. Bushes of all kinds should be rooted out as soon as they make an appearance, for they are likely to spread and occupy considerable ground. The droppings of cattle and horses should be broken up and scattered before they become very hard and injure the vegetation in the immediate vicinity of them. If they remain long on the ground where they are deposited they will kill the grass before them, and cause a growth of rank grass that stock will not eat in the vicinity of them. By scattering them a considerable amount of grass is benefited and none injured. If practical, other fertilizers than those produced in the pasture should be scattered over the surface of the ground. If stable manure is used, it should be fine and well rotted. —Exchange.

A Petrified Corpse.

C. Clinch, twenty years ago, buried at Folsom a child that died at the age of three years. The little girl's body was placed in a coffin that was inclosed in zinc and her coffin sealed, and that in turn placed in the ordinary wooden grave box. The grave was dug in high and dry ground. Yesterday Mrs. Clinch and her daughter went to Folsom to disinter the body and bring it to Sacramento to be placed in the family cemetery lot here. They expected to find only a few bones, and took with them a proper box in which to place them. Their surprise can be imagined when they found that the coffin, contrary to expectation, had not rotted away, was exceedingly heavy—at least three or four times as heavy as when placed in the grave. One small hole only had rusted through the zinc. The metal was cut, and the coffin opened, and the body found to be completely petrified. The child lay before the mother as natural in form and feature as when consigned to the grave twenty-one years ago. The features were perfect, and face, arms and hands like alabaster. After exposing the air a short time this perfect whiteness changed to a light yellowish, or pink, with a shade of brown. The body was solid stone, and to the grave response as would marble. Nothing was petrified likewise, and a mass of flowers upon the child's head, a little doll that had been placed in the coffin, and a few other articles were as perfect as when they were buried. Large numbers of people viewed the body. Folsom, and the surrounding country, was crowded with people. The body was a more perfect specimen of petrification than had ever been seen. —Sacramento Union.

HOME, FARM AND GARDEN.

—It is said that the poison of a bee sting may be forced out by pressing the barrel of a small key firmly for a minute over the wound.

—A rich pudding sauce is made of yolks of five eggs, ounce of sugar, half a cup of butter, beat all together till light, then add slowly one pint of boiling water.

—Planting raspberries in rows instead of in stools is recommended. The thick rows shade the ground and keep it moist, and probably the snow in winter, lodging in the rows, affords a protection which is lacking in the case of stool culture.

—To prevent chicken cholera, keep the drinking-water for fowls in old, rusty iron vessels, and occasionally throw a small quantity of sulphur and quick-lime into the vessels, and do not let them get filthy, but wash them out every few days. —Chicago Journal.

—A lady suggests that in sowing any seed that germinates slowly it is a good plan to sow a few radish seeds among them. These come up quickly and mark the rows before the tardy seeds are up, and as they mature rapidly they are off the ground before they are in the way. —N. Y. Herald.

—Don't forget to lay out a little garden plot for the children, and encourage them to raise a few plants—flowers or vegetables, it matters not, which, if the children can thereby be interested in garden work. Let them have the best soil, good tools, and the best seed the market affords. The time and money so spent will be well invested. —N. Y. Post.

—Green Pease.—A peck is sufficient for the ordinary family of four or five. Shell the pease but do not wash them, as it robs them of much of the flavor. If carefully shelled there will be no necessity for it. Put them on in boiling salted water, add a teaspoonful of white sugar and cook for half an hour. Then drain off the water, stir in a tablespoonful of butter with a dust of pepper and a saltspoonful of salt and serve very hot. —Our Continent.

—Many farmers throw away the old bins of beef and pork barrels and fish packages. Sometimes they throw it on a grass patch, or under a tree, and kill the vegetation. If they desire to kill vegetation with it, they should pour it on in patches of barbed-wire or flannel or around trees that are worthless. It is better, however, to use it for manure, in which case it should be applied with judgment. It may be applied to asparagus beds or quince trees liberally, but to other things sparingly. Ordinarily the best disposition to make of it is to pour it on a manure or compost heap, and allow it to be absorbed. —Chicago Times.

—Fish cakes: Take any sort of cooked fish, well picked from the bones, and mince it. Put the heads, fins and bones into a stew-pan with salted water, and stock to cover them, add one or two onions, some herbs and a little pepper and salt. Now put to the fish a third part of bread crumbs, a little chopped onion and parsley, and season with white pepper, salt and a little mace, if liked. Mix these ingredients well together, and then make into small cakes with white of egg, a little melted butter and anchovy sauce. Fry a nice brown, keeping a plate over the top, and drain off the fat. Then dip the fish stock, thicken it with butter and flour, add catsup and a glass of white wine, then put it back into the stew-pan with the cakes and simmer gently for a quarter of an hour. —N. Y. Herald.

Pickles.

Pickles grow well upon almost any land that is in good heart; they like a freshly plowed soil and land that is a little moist or damp, but not wet. Fresh horse manure suits them as well as any dressing, but it must be well mixed with the soil. The seed may be put in from June 22 to July 3, in rows five or six feet apart. Those planted at the earlier date usually bear the heavier crop, but it is not always convenient to get them in early. They are frequently grown as a second crop after peas or early cut grass, and are a very handy crop for breaking up green weeds. Flat turnips may be sown among them at the last hoeing and make a fair crop after the frost has killed the vines.

The pickles are preserved for winter and spring sale by salting; molasses hogslenders answer very well for one year, but the wooden hoops soon break. Lined oak casks are better, but more expensive, and I know one large establishment where the pickles are all salted in cisterns underground, built of brick and cement. The brine for salting pickles must be strong enough to float a potato; if a little stronger it will do no harm, but if too strong it will kill the pickles and injure them. They must be kept entirely under the brine, and the brine should be drawn off and poured over them two or three times within the first week after they are salted, otherwise they get too fresh on top and spoil. The brine will ferment slightly, but this does no harm. Watch them often to make sure the brine covers them all, and keep a little salt on the cover for the first week. Peppers, beans, cauliflowers, etc., are salted in the same manner, but in smaller quantities. When wanted for sale, the pickles are scooped out of the brine with a common fisherman's dip net, placed in fresh water, which must be changed two or three times a day till the pickles are quite fresh; if a stream of fresh water can be made to flow through them, all the better; when quite fresh they are taken out of the water and placed directly in vinegar, which may be spiced with pickled peppers, or with West India peppers or allspice, or with anything else the trade demands. With vinegar at fifteen cents per gallon pickles ought to be made at a profit; the white wine or whisky vinegar, mostly used for the purpose, costs about twenty to twenty-five cents per gallon.

It was formerly the custom to seal pickles in a copper boiler in order to give them the green color of verdigris from the kettle; this custom has gone quite out of fashion of late and the demand is now almost entirely for the so-called English pickles, prepared as above described, and having a dirty yellowish green color. Pickles are at best rather indigestible; the copper certainly does not make them less so, though it probably does not make them poisonous, at least I never heard of a case of copper poisoning from eating pickles, and the amount of copper absorbed is extremely small. —Cor. New England Farmer.

—A Justice in New Bedford, Mass., has imposed a fine of \$5 and costs upon a father for slapping his fifteen-year-old daughter in the face. At the same time he took occasion to remark that he did not justify the daughter in the disobedience which prompted the act. —Carmantown Telegraph.

—Some people are always looking for the bad, and of course always find it. They insist on carrying the heavy end of the log all through life.

SKINNEY MEN.

"Wells' Health Renewer," restores health and vigor, cures Dyspepsia, Impotence, Sexual Debility. \$1 at druggists. Depot, Prentice & Evenson, Janesville.

FLIES AND BUGS.

Flies, roaches, ants, bed-bugs, rats, lice, aphids, chipmunks, cleared out by mough on Rats? 35c.

DULL AND SLOW.—Eyes and skin denote a torpid liver, and weak Digestion, headache, and restless sleep arise from same cause. Remove them with ZORRA now before you get worse. A few doses will do it. Sold by Prentice & Evenson.

MISCELLANEOUS.

MYERS HOUSE!

FOR SALE, OR RENT.

Apply at Once to PETER MYERS.

Conrad & Jones

NO 5 MAIN STREET.

Have on hand

A FULL LINE

OF

STAPLE and FANCY GROCERIES

AT THE

Lowest Living Rates

Wheelock's Grocery Store

Offer special prices to reduce stock on

FRUIT JARS,

ICE Cream Freezers

REFRIGERATORS,

ICE CHESTS,

HAMMOCKS,

GLASSWARE,

SILVERWARE,

CUTLERY,

CHINA TEA SETS,

Printed Englishware

BABY CARRIAGES,

MAJOLICA, &c

Price List for Good White Granite Ware, Black

Stoneware.

Individual butters, per dozen..... 25

One plates, per dozen..... 25

Sauce plates, per dozen..... 25

Five plates, per dozen..... 25

Breakfast plates, per dozen..... 25

Dinner plates, per dozen..... 25

One cups and saucers, per set..... 25

Coffee cups and saucers, per set..... 25

Large water pitchers, each..... 25

Wash bowls and pitchers, each..... 25

Covered chambers, each..... 25

Large covered clay jars, each..... 25

Large oval sugar jars, each..... 25

Medium oval vegetable dishes, each..... 25

Covered butter and jam jars, each..... 25

Open butter jars, each..... 25

Hotel side dishes, deep and flat, per doz..... 25

Table tumblers, per dozen..... 25

Metal water carriers, cover and spout, each..... 25

Chills and Fever.

My patient is in a malarial district, and several years ago could not make half a crop on account of chills, fever and chills. I was nearly discouraged when I began the use of TUTT'S PILLS. The result was a natural result, the Nervous System is braced, the Muscles are developed, and the Body Robust.

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MISCELLANEOUS.

Furniture.

Britton & Kimball.

Next door to Postoffice.

REFRIGERATORS,

Children's

Carriages,

HAMMOCKS.

Iron and Terra

Cotta Vases.

UNDERTAKERS,

Established - 1855.

G. A. Shurtleff.

ICE CREAM

AND

Supper S

A SPECIALTY.

59

MILWAUKEE ST.

TUTT'S

PILLS

A DISORDERED LIVER

IS THE BANE

of the present generation. It is for the

Cure of this disease and its attendant

SICK-HEADACHE, BILIOUSNESS, DY-

PEPSIA, CONSTIPATION, PILES, etc., that

TUTT'S PILLS have gained a world-wide

reputation. No Remedy has ever been

discovered that acts so gently on the

digestive organs, giving them vigor to

assimilate food. As a natural result, the

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